



# Development of a Thin Gauge Metallic Seal for Gas Turbine Engine Applications to 1700°F

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DEVELOPMENT OF A THIN GAUGE METALLIC SEAL FOR GAS TURBINE  
ENGINE APPLICATIONS TO 1700°F

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The goal of doubling thrust-to-weight ratio for gas turbine engines has placed significant demands on engine component materials. Operating temperatures for static seals in the transition duct and turbine sections, for instance, may well reach 2000°F within the next ten years. At these temperatures conventional age-hardenable superalloys lose their high strength via overaging and eventual dissolution of the  $\gamma'$  precipitate, and are well above their oxidation stability limit. Conventional solid-solution-strengthened alloys offer metallurgical stability, but suffer from rapid oxidation and little useful load bearing strength. Ceramic materials can theoretically be used at these temperatures, but manufacturing processes are in the developmental stages.

The development of a thin gauge metallic seal for operating temperatures up-to 1700°F is presented. The results of stress relaxation and oxidation screening tests for seven candidate alloys in strip form are discussed. Component tests using static loading in a seal chamber fixture correlate well with the stress relaxation and oxidation tests, and indicate that seals made from a new iron-based superalloy offer superior resistance to oxidation, metallurgical stability, and significant residual sealing force up to 672 h continuous exposure at 1700°F.

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13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words)  This workshop has six categories. (1) In the opening sessions we are attempting to provide an overview of the engine technology, applications, and perceived needs from the programmatic point of view. (2) In the second session more details of seals and secondary flows are presented. (3) In the third session some of the tools and techniques are examined. (4) In the fourth session engine externals, the region between the case and the nacelle are examined in more detail. (5) Some sealing needs as applied to High Speed Research (HSR) are presented in a limited exclusive rights session. (6) A short course on engine design development margins by Charles Bentz rounds out the workshop. Through these sessions the efforts at NASA LeRC, contractors and universities are applied to seals/secondary flow problems in a continued effort to expand the U.S. aerospace technology and marketshare. A second volume containing related HSR discussions is available to selected U.S. citizens.				
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